

$$MV \equiv P \cdot Q \rightarrow \text{full employ} \\ M \uparrow \Rightarrow P \uparrow \quad \& \text{ capacity}$$

$V$  - constant

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## Corporate Income Tax

35% - Apple 9%

Abolish CIT & unify with PIT  
corp. earnings → distributed

- share holders  
- bond holders  
- dividends, capital gains & interest

Against → using CIT → incentives  
to invest, R&D .. etc

- tax expenditure - nominal tax (x%)  
& lower through incentive  
- not budget item

CIT - tax on  $\pi$

$$TR - TC = \pi \sim \text{tax base}$$

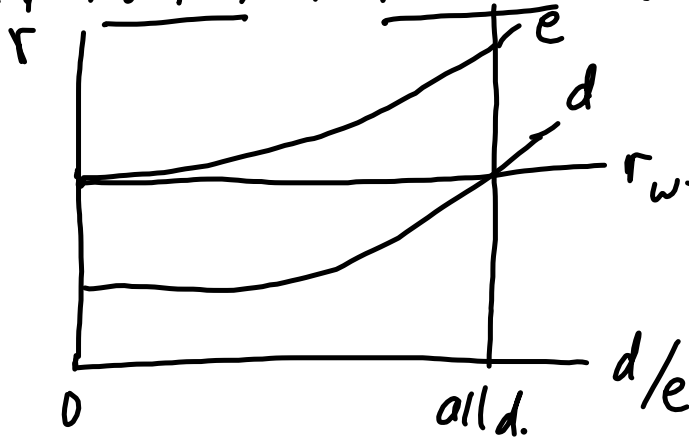
- real (allocative)  $\rightarrow$  stock of capital

- financial  $\rightarrow$  capital structure  $\times$

Modigliani - Miller Theorem

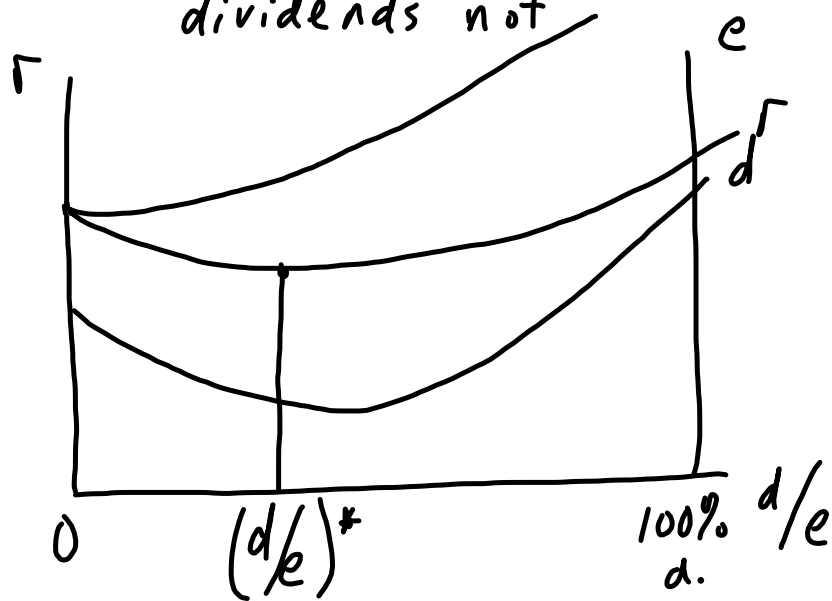
weighted cost of capital (Debt or Equity)

If no tax & no cost of bankruptcy



each risk class  
has own  $r$   
 $r$  wtd but within class  
 $r$  constant

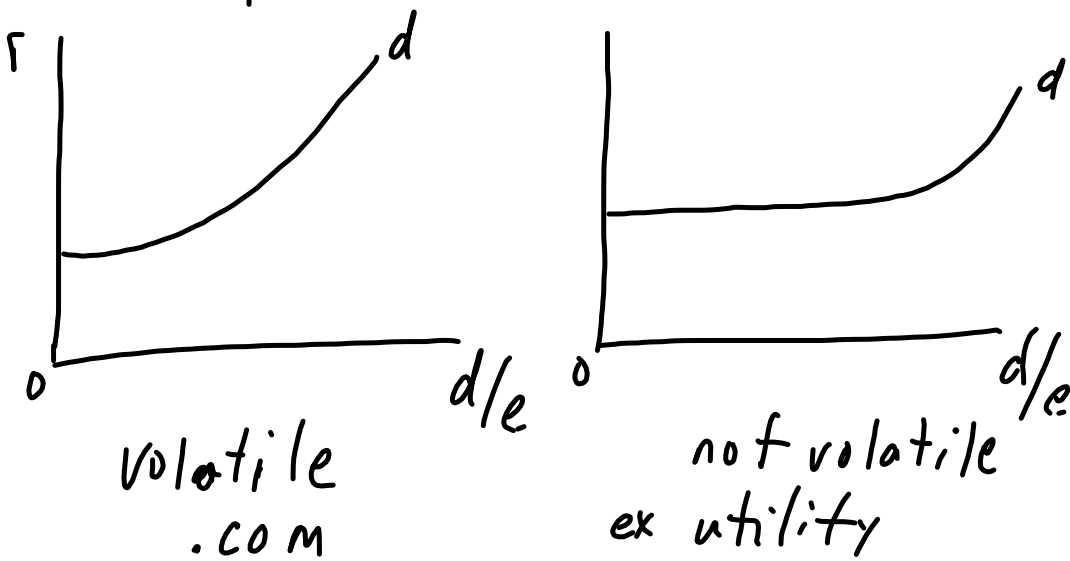
CIT → interest on bonds tax deductible  
 dividends not



aggregate  $d \uparrow$  - corp bond use  $\uparrow$

\* increase cost of capital for non-corp sector

$$\text{Yield} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \dots \beta_r (\sigma^2)$$



CAPM  $P_A = \sum_{t=0}^T \frac{e_t}{(1+r)^t}$  DfE

tax effect on real structure of capital  
(vintage)

depreciation  $\frac{\text{tax}}{\text{real depreciation}}$

tax depr. > real  
accelerate replacement rate

$$r = r_g (1-t)$$

$$r < r_g$$

Issues

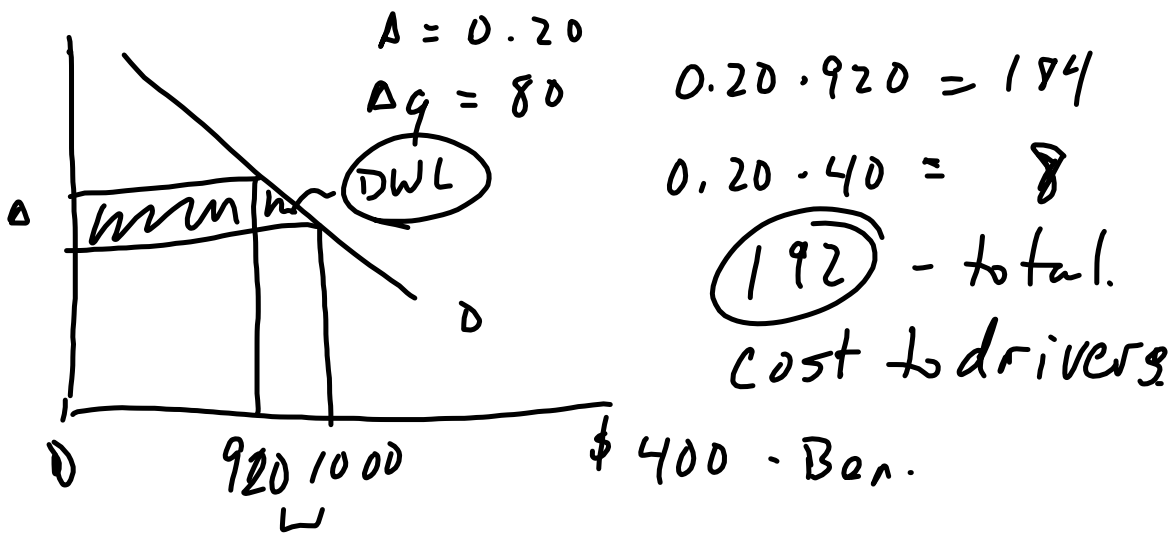
① tax treatment on retained earnings

$$\Pi = \text{Bond Int.} + \text{Dividends} + \frac{\text{R.E.}}{\text{y risk}}$$

tax on R.E. -

- insurance industry - disasters

- Sinking fund - not taxable <sup>correlated</sup>



Voting A, B, C  
No votetrading

